

## List of selected publications

### Kim OOSTERLINCK

- David G., Li Y., Oosterlinck K., Renneboog L., “Art in Times of Crises”, Economic History Review, forthcoming.
- Oosterlinck K., Radermecker A.-S., Song Y., “The Valuation of Copies for Chinese Artworks”, Journal of Cultural Economics, forthcoming.
- Oosterlinck K., “L’investissement en art”, in G. David and F. Mairesse eds, Collectionneurs & Marché, Wittockiana, pp. 41-52.
- Dupin de Beyssat C., Greenwald D., Oosterlinck K., (2023), “Measuring nepotism and sexism in artistic recognition: the awarding of medals at the Paris Salon, 1850–1880”, Journal of Cultural Economics, 47, 3, pp. 407-436.
- Euwe J., Oosterlinck K., (2023), “The German Art Market during World War II”, European Review of Economic History, 27, 3, pp. 412-436.
- Oosterlinck K., Radermecker A.-S., (2023) “Regulation or Reputation? Evidence from the Art Market”, Journal of Arts Management, Law and Society, 53, 2, pp. 103-121
- David G., Huemer C., Oosterlinck K., (2023), “Art Dealers’ Inventory Strategy: the case of Goupil, Boussod & Valadon, 1860-1914”, Business History, 65, 1, pp. 24-55.
- Greenwald D., Oosterlinck K., (2022), “The Changing Faces of the Paris Salon: Using a New Dataset to Analyze Portraiture, 1740-1881”, Poetics, 92, B, article 101649.
- Oosterlinck K., (2022) “Gustav Cramer, Max J. Friedländer and the Value of Expertise in the Arts”, Capitalism. A Journal of History and Economics, 3, 1, pp. 19-56.
- Oosterlinck K., Radermecker A.-S., (2019), ““The Master of ...”: Creating Names for Art History and the Art Market”, Journal of Cultural Economics, 43, 1, pp. 57-95.
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- David G., Euwe J., Goldman N., Oosterlinck K., (2017), “Preise spielen gar keine Rolle.“ The booming art market in occupied Western Europe, 1940-1945”, in Fleckner, Uwe; Gaehtgens, T. and Huemer, Christian eds., Markt und Macht. Der Kunsthändel im “Dritten Reich,” De Gruyter, pp. 27-48.
- Euwe J., Oosterlinck K., (2017), “Quality and authenticity in a market under pressure: The case of the Dutch art market during WWII”, in Fleckner, Uwe; Gaehtgens, T. and Huemer, Christian eds., Markt und Macht. Der Kunsthändel im “Dritten Reich,” De Gruyter, pp. 49-66.
- Euwe J., Oosterlinck K., (2017), “Art Price Economics in the Netherlands during World War II”, Journal for Art Market Studies, 1, 1, pp. 47-67.
- Goldman N., Oosterlinck K., (2016), “Restitution”, Grove Dictionary of Art's online:

- <http://www.oxfordartonline.com/groveart/view/10.1093/gao/9781884446054.001.0001/oao-9781884446054-e-7002277663?rskey=4vbGx9&result=1>
- David G., Oosterlinck K., (2015), “War, Monetary Reforms and the Art Market”. *Financial History Review*, 22, 2, pp. 157-177.
  - David G., Oosterlinck K., Szafarz A., (2013), “Art Market Inefficiency”, *Economics Letters*, 121, 1, pp. 23-25.
  - Lindenberg M., Oosterlinck K., (2011), “Art Collections as a Strategy Tool: a Typology based on the Belgian Financial Sector”, *International Journal of Arts Management*, 13, 3, pp. 4-19.
  - Bocart F., Oosterlinck K., (2011), “Discoveries of Fakes: their Impact on the Art Market”, *Economics Letters*, 113, 2, pp. 124-126